

2 teams of 3 are distributed over the court. The team with the ball aims to make 5 passes between team-mates without the ball being intercepted.


## What you need

> Indoor or outdoor playing area
> One ball for each 6 players
> 3 bibs/sashes or alternative to distinguish players
> Harder variation - hockey
or softcrosse sticks

## What to do

$>2$ teams of 3
(see Start out WC 01a for forming teams)

## The team with the ball

> Try to make 5 passes between team-mates - then change possession.
> Travelling with the ball is limited to 2 steps.

## The team without the ball

$>$ If the defenders prevent 5 passes being made, they score one point and become the attacking team.
Note - No contact between players. Ball cannot be taken out of the hands of a player.

## LESSON LINK

Keep the ball links to activities requiring defending, marking and teamwork. Keep the ball can lead to invasion games such as: basketball, football codes, handball, hockey, netball, softcrosse/lacrosse, touch.

## Keep the ball

Skills > Interception • Close marking • Spacing, finding \& closing • Communication between players/deception

## change it...

## Coaching

> Ask the players how they can ensure all players are included.
> After letting play run, spot any children who may need assistance on the side with throwing and catching skills.

## Game rules

> Time in possession - vary the time each player has in possession before passing it on, e.g. 'hot potato' (no holding) up to 5 seconds. (What variations in play may be necessary?)
> Moving with the ball allow running or bouncing but a tag by a defender causes a change in possession. (When will you run and when will you try to pass?)

> How many passes in a set time? possession stays with the same team for the set time limit (e.g. 45 seconds). The team without the ball counts how many times they can tag a player or intercept the ball.
> Change the team size - try different combinations, e.g. $3 \vee 4,2 \mathrm{v} 3$ etc. (this can be a good way to promote inclusion).
> Kicking - the ball may be kicked instead of thrown.

## Equipment

> Use different balls - vary size, shape and hardness.

> Use equipment to send the ball, e.g. hockey sticks or softcrosse sticks and an appropriate ball that is sufficiently soft.

## Playing area

> Promote inclusion by designating 'safe zones' if required.
> Experiment with different sized playing areas.

## Safety

> Ensure adequate space for number of players. If a kicking version is played, there should be sufficient space between designated playing areas.
$>$ If a hockey stick is used, it should not be raised above waist height.
$>$ For the kicking version, start with a soft/slow ball.
> No physical contact except for tagging, between knees and shoulders only.
> Players should have done space/player awareness activities before playing
 (see e.g. Start out WC 03a,b).

## ASK THE PLAYERS

## Attackers (team with ball)

> 'Where will you pass the ball?'
> 'How can you get away from your defender?'

## Defenders (team without the ball)

> 'How can you make it hard for your opponent to make a pass?’
> 'How can you make it hard for your opponent to receive a pass?'
> 'How can you work together to stop a pass from getting through?'
> 'Is it better to pressure the thrower or the receiver? Why?'
> 'Is it better to play one-on-one or to have two defenders guarding one player with the ball?'

