

Players in small groups roll or throw a ball to a target aiming to score maximum points.

## What you need

> Indoor or outdoor playing area
> Chalk, hoops, markers or ropes to form 3 concentric circles on the ground
> Throw-line 3 metres from target
> One small ball or similar per player, e.g. sponge ball, softball, tennis ball, bean bags. A non-rolling ball or object is best.


POINTS

## What to do

## SETTING UP

> Form small groups, e.g. 4 per group. pLaying
> Each player rolls or throws the ball to the target area.
> One throw per player before balls are retrieved.
> Repeat for a given number of rounds, e.g. 5 throws for each player.

## Scoring

> Points are scored depending on where the ball stops in the target area.
> Players note whether their score improves from round to round.
> You may wish to set a target score, such as 20 or more, for the 5 rounds.


DIFFERENT TARGETS

## LESSON LINK

Use Bullseye as an inclusive activity to encourage players to try different sending techniques, reflect on the result and to change if necessary.

## change it...

## Coaching

> Try pairing players and provide some 'what to look for' throwing or rolling tips. The 'observer' provides the 'thrower' with feedback.
> The leg opposite the throwing/rolling arm is in front. A good way of coaching this is to select a role model and ask the players questions.


## Game rules

> Include everyone by allowing kicking. Remember the object of the game is to send a ball to a target. A kicking option opens the game to players who may not be able to throw the ball.
> Increase or decrease the distance from the throw-line to the target. This adjustment helps to accommodate different player abilities. This option may be offered from the start.
$>$ If buckets are used as targets, the activity can be made harder by requiring the ball to land in the bucket.
> Vary the method of sending the ball, e.g. throw, roll, kick, strike.

## Equipment

> Slower ball/faster ball; larger ball/smaller ball. Which is best for rolling/throwing?
> A non-rolling object, such as a bean bag, may be used with a wall target.

## Playing area

> Making the target size bigger, or the distance to the target smaller, makes the activity easier.
> If a wall target is used, the activity can be made harder by requiring players to stand side-on to the target.


## Safety

> Players do not retrieve balls until the round is finished.
> If a target is placed on a wall, players should be aware of the rebound.
> Ensure sufficient space between groups.


## ASK THE PLAYERS

> 'Which rolling or throwing technique gives the most accuracy?'
> 'Will your throwing technique change for a wall target?'
> 'What changes can you make if the ball goes too far/too short?'

