

## Continuous cricket

A ball is bowled underarm to a batter who hits the ball and runs between 2 wickets. The bowler can bowl at any time. A rolling and kicking alternative may be played.


## What to do

## Bowler

> The ball is bowled underarm from the marker.
> The bowler can bowl whenever the ball is available.

## Batters

> The batter must attempt to hit the ball after one bounce and, if successful, must run to the other bin/wicket and back.
> Batters are out if they are caught or bowled out.
> Once the batter is out, players rotate positions until everyone has had a go at bowling, batting and fielding.

## Fielders

> Return the ball to the bowler ready for the next delivery.

## LESSON LINK

Continuous cricket is an age-old game that keeps players moving. The game develops fielding skills and encourages thoughtful placing of the ball by the batter.

## Continuous cricket

Skills > Throwing, catching, batting • Finding 'space' • Best fielding positions, teamwork • Running with an eye on the ball

## change it...

## Coaching

> Use a player role model to emphasise effective batting and fielding plays.

## Game rules

> Batting action - kick into the field of play from a rolled ball.

> Bowling action - allow an overarm bowl.
> Fielders vary the pass - allow any pass, or vary the pass between fielders.
 separation between them.
> Zones - bonus points are scored if the ball reaches a zone.

## Safety

> Batters must run with the bat and not drop it on the ground.
> Batters should hit the ball below head height.
> Batters keep to the left when running - use markers if required.
> Fielders must not interfere with running batters.
> Fielders call 'mine!' when fielding the ball.

## ASK THE PLAYERS

## Fielders

$>$ 'Where is the best place to stand?
$>$ 'How can you be ready to back-up if a team-mate misses a ball?'

## Batters

> 'Where is the best place to hit the ball?'
> 'What do you do if the fielders have your "best place" covered?'

